#### **Art Year 7**

### 1. Sketching a line

Sketching.mp4 (sharepoint.com) - Plot out your

Skill

shape lightly, use a feathery light line to get the accurate shape. Make the line darker when you are happy this is the best that you can produce.

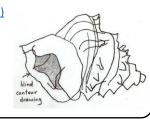


#### 2. Blind drawing

will recognise.

Blind drawing.mp4 (sharepoint.com) When you are only looking at the object you are

drawing and not looking at your drawing. The drawing will not look accurate but will show aspects of the object you



#### 3. Continuous line drawing

Continuous line.mp4 (sharepoint.co

Draw an object in pen without taking your pen off the paper. This drawing should be an accurate representation of the object but it will have trail lines



#### 4. Checklist for a successful drawing

**Choice of object** – In drawing this object you will be able to demonstrate your skills

Sharp pencil – To help you add accurate detail

Size – work large so you can fit in more visual information

**Shape** – ensure the shape is accurate

Sketching you have used a sketched line rather than a heavy solid line

Detail - from observations you have included every aspect of the object.

## **Experimenting**

## 6. How to paint with ready mix

Start with the background, paint the whole space

Build up the tones in the back ground Sketch the outline.

Start with the main body of the picture. Add brush marks to create layers Add the detail last.

### 7. Colour pencil

Colour pencil.mp4 (sharepoint.com)

Sketch the outline lightly in pencil Bold colours - Apply pressure when colouring. Layering (Lightest colours first)

Blending

Directional shading

Use different tones of the same colour

#### 8. Oil Pastel

Sketch lightly in pencil first. Blend colours using the pastels not your finger. Paint with PVA glue to varnish.

Use torn or cut paper depending on the quality of the edge

## Knowledge

**10.** Content- what the work is about/of **Process**- How the work is made/created Form- How have the artists used the basic elements?

**Connections**- How does the artist's work connect to your project?

**11.** Organic forms objects like seed pods, shells, bugs and butterflies..... These objects have curved edges......

## 12. Peter Randall- Page

https://youtu.be/gtnDBXwQLD0

Content-He uses nature as inspiration, things like shells, seed pods, flowers, camouflage and dividing cells are starting points for his work . His work is often based on maths.

Form-His work is solid with a little texture on the surface. The shape is organic with smooth edges.

Process- Materials used, Limestone, granite and marble. Hammer and chisel with fine sanding

tools.Cast in bronze.Clay Connections- Natural forms. Greek and Roman art.

Randall-Page uses direction shading to create the illusion that the drawing is 3d.

#### Creativity

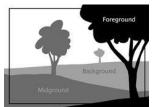
13. Composition



Landscape

**Portrait** 

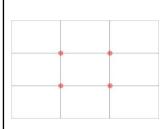
## 14. Foreground/Mid-ground/Background



How the space in an image or picture is divided up to give a sense of depth.

## **15**.

Rule of thirds



an image/ picture is divided up to create points of interest that draw the viewer's attention to certain objects or subjects within the composition.

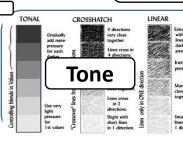
How the space in

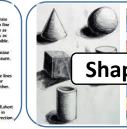
## 9. Collage (Coloured paper/newspaper/magazines)

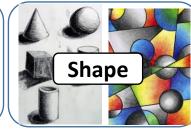
Build up layers, large areas of colour first to details last.

## 5. BASIC ELEMENTS



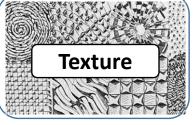






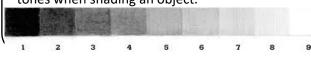






## Skill - Drawing/shading

**16. Tone** is the lightness or darkness of something. You would use a variety of different tones when shading an object.



## 17. Tone.mp4 (sharepoint.

Shading is used to show where the light and dark areas are on an object. This shows the 3D form of the object.



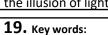
## 18. Shade (Directional Shading)

Directional line.mp4 (sharepoint.com) Is where you

describe the object

using line and tone. There are more lines to create the darker tones and less lines to create

the illusion of light



Observation -Looking and noticing all the detail

Mark making – using a variety

of lines to describe texture **Shape** - the outline of something

Form - 3 dimensional shape

**Proportion** – how the size of different parts of an object, thing or person relate to each other

**Composition**- how parts of a picture/image connect to each other

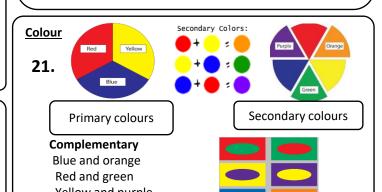
**Perspective**- how the height, width and depth of an image is shown.

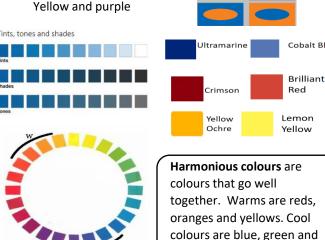
## **20**. How to paint with water colour

Watercolour.mp4 (sharepoint.com)

Add the detail last.

Start with the background, paint the whole space Build up the tones in the back ground Sketch the outline Start with the lightest tones Add brush marks to create layers working from lightest through to darkest colours.





purple.

**22.** Cezanne has used the rule of thirds to create an effective composition. By dividing up his painting as a wall, a table and a table cloth.

The point of interest in this painting is the large bowl of fruit.

This is a still life painting by Cezanne. The corner of the table is drawing your eye into the painting.



arts, composition is the placement or arrangement of visual elements or ingredients in a work of art. The term composition means 'putting together' and can apply to any work of art.



#### 24. Using a camera to record.

- · Put on the neck strap
- Turn it on
- Check the battery
- Check the mode (Auto or Auto without flash)
- Look through the viewfinder to decide your composition. Remember
   Rule of thirds/Foreground/mid ground/background/landscape or portrait.
- Push the button down half way to focus
- Push the button fully down to take the picture.



# History of art movements

















31.Impressionism